

TBC ADAC WORKFLOW

V1.4 May 2025.





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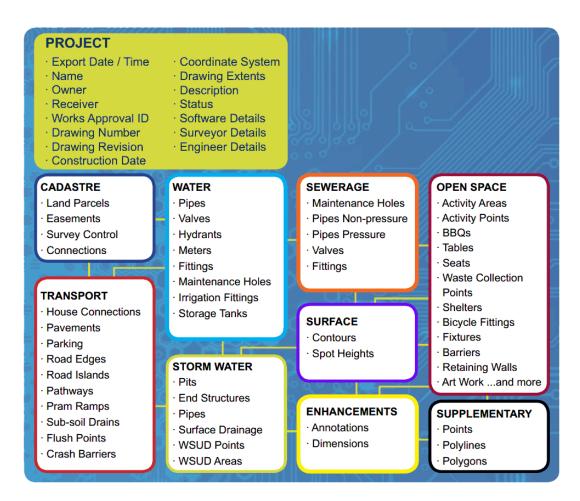
Introduction and background information

This manual has been created to assist utilising Trimble Business Center (TBC) software to create a new ADAC project, import data, process and Export ADAC XML.

This workflow gives the user a general understanding on how to use an FXL, CAD commands and the ADAC setup tool to create, edit and then export an ADAC xml.

Users of this manual are urged to be familiar with the basics of processing feature codes in Trimble Business Center(<u>https://geospatial.trimble.com/trimble-business-center-tutorials</u>), publications and standards of Asset Design and As Constructed (ADAC) data specification and transport format (XML) available from the IPWEA website: <u>https://www.ipweaq.com/faq-s</u>

ADAC is an open source format for the standardisation of asset design and as constructed data. Covering a wide selection of asset categories, consisting of:







1.Setting up a Project in TBC

TBC Template Setup

Before importing any data, it is important to get your project template setup.

Launch a new project

In Trimble Business Centre, do either of the following:

- 1. On the Start Page, click the **New Project** button.
- 2. In the TBC ribbon, select **File > New**.

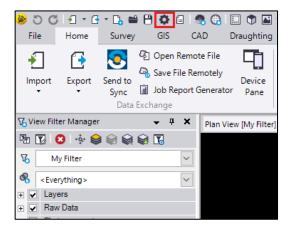
The New Project window will display.

Template	A Read Only	Default
<blank template=""></blank>	Read Only	
Metric	Read Only	
Metric Scale Only	Read Only	
Sitech JG		Default
Trimble UX5 HP Solution Template	Read Only	
Utility Meters	Read Only	

Select *Metric* template and click **OK**. The **Plan View** will then display.

Change the Project Settings

1. In the top left corner of the **Quick Access** toolbar select project settings.



2. Fill out any of the General Information if necessary or skip this section.





3. Select Coordinate System then click Change.

	-	Summary						
Coordinate System 1.		Coordinate system group:	Default					
- Geoid Model & Vertical Da		Zone:						
- Local Site		Datum transformation:	WGS 1984 (None)					
Projection	Ξ	Geoid model:	None					
- Shift Grid		RTX datum:	No					
- Site Calibration								
Network Adjustment Transf								
RTX Datum	-							
Units								
View								
Computations								
Baseline Processing								
RTX Post-Processing		(
Network Adjustment								
Default Standard Errors								
 Default Standard Errors Feature Code Processing 								
	•	Change 2.						

4. Select the **specific** coordinate system associated with the job. For this workflow we are using **GDA94 Zone 56.** Click **Next.**

🌐 Change Coordinate System				-		×
Select Coordinate Syster	n Zone	•				
Coordinate System and Zone Calibrated Site Default projection (Transverse I Recently used coordinate system)		1				
Coordinate System Group Argentina/Campo Inchauspe Argentina/POSGAR07 Australia/AGD Australia/GDA2020 Australia/GDA2020 Australia/Neinroads WA Grids Australia/New South Wales ISG Australia/WA Project Grids	*	Zone Zone 52 Zone 53 Zone 54 Zone 55 Zone 55 Zone 57 <	(Datum Transfor GDA94 GDA94 GDA94 GDA94 GDA94 GDA94 GDA94	nation)		^ >
			Ne	ext >	Car	ncel





5. Select the **Geoid Model** (AUSGeoid09 for this example), the Geoid quality and the name of the vertical datum (AHD). Then click **Finish.**

🌐 Change Coordinate Syst	em			_		\times
Select Geoid Model						
No geoid model						
Predefined geoid model:	AUSGeoid09 (Australia) ~	1				
Geoid model quality:	Survey Quality ~					
Vertical datum name:	AHD					
		< Back	Finish	1	Car	ncel

Note: You can change more project settings if you wish, but for this workflow, we are mainly concerned with the coordinate system and units.

Load the feature definition file (FXL) into TBC

To load the FXL into TBC you can do either of the following:

1. In the navigation pane in the **Project Settings** dialog, select **Feature Code Processing**.

Click the **Browse** button located to the right of the **Feature definition file** field.

In the **Open** dialog, browse to where the *ADAC_TBC_V?.fxl is located* and click **Open**.

Project Settings	×
General Information Coordinate System Units View Computations Baseline Processing RTX Post-Processing Network Adjustment Default Standard Errors Feature Code Processing Abbreviations	Decimal precision: 3 Feature definition file: C:\Users\Ramin_Rad\Desktop\ADAC_TBC.fxl
	OK Cancel

2. Alternatively, drag and drop the FXL into the plan view.

The project is now set up and ready to import in the ADAC data.

Note: The ADAC FXL files can be found C:\Program Files\Sitech Construction Systems and in the ANZToolbox folder for your TBC version.





Customise feature definition file (FXL)

It is possible to add extra 'Supplementary' features into your FXL file to suit the work being undertaken. These can be point, polyline, or polygon features. The key is to ensure they're created under the 'supplementary' category. An easy way to do this is by duplicating an existing feature, then customizing it with any additional attributes that fit your specific needs.

It's also worth noting that the 'class' attribute for a supplementary feature is tied to the feature's name. This means if you have a separate 'class' attribute in your attributes list, it will be bypassed due to the way the code is structured.

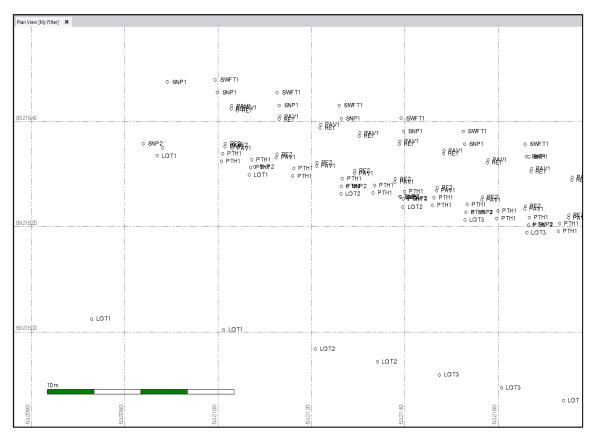
2. Processing the Data

Importing the data

The next step is to **import** in the survey data you wish to use to create the ADAC xml.

- 1. Navigate to Home > Data Exchange > Import.
- 2. The Import pane will then pop up. Use the icon to navigate to the folder that contains the file you want to import. Click **OK**.
- 3. Select the file you wish to import from the list. Change the settings if required. Then click **Import**.

The image below shows the unprocessed points we have imported and will be using for this workflow.







Project Explorer

Before you process the feature codes in your project, you can view the codes and their assigned values, and make changes if necessary.

- 1. In the **TBC** ribbon, select **Home > Data > Project Explorer**. The **Project Explorer** pane should display.
- 2. In the **Project Explorer** pane, expand the **Points** node. Then double-click the point you wish to view. (Point 1 in this example).

The **Properties** pane displays showing properties for point *1*. The feature code assigned to the point displays in the **Point Information** section.

🗟 Project Explorer 🛛 👻 🕈 🗙	Properties	•	ņ	×
FOS-533-ADAC-01 A_1905 A Points A Office entered (Grid)	Point (1)			
▷ ◆ 2 ◆ 1000 ◆ 1001	Point (1)	ion		•
♦ 1002 ♦ 1003	Point ID: Selection sets:	1		
 ♦ 1004 ♦ 1005 ♦ 1006 	Feature code: Description 1:	<u>SHC</u> 2		
 ♦ 1007 ♦ 1008 ♦ 1009 	Description 2: Layer:	0		
♦ 1010 ♦ 1011	Include in surfac	No		
♦ 1012 ♦ 1013	– Label Visibility			
♦ 1014 ♦ 1015	Show label: Show feature co	By view filter		_
 Feature Libraries Imported Files 	Show elevation:	By view filter By view filter		ш
	- Feature			
	Feature:			

Click the **Browse** button in the **Feature code** field to view more information about the feature code in the **Feature Code Editor** dialog.

ture co	ode:			ADAC_	TBC.fxl		
<u>C</u> 2					Codes	△ Name	Category 5
tails				▶ ⊿	ACA	Activity Area	Open Space
					ACP	Activity Point	Open Space
HC2			\sim	۲	ANN	Annotation	Enhancements
	Attribute Name	Attribute Value			ART	Art work	Open Space
123	Chainage (m)	A consider a consider			BBQ	Barbeque	Open Space
_	Class			⊿	BFA	Boating Facility	Open Space
					BIN	Waste Collectio	Open Space
123	Diameter (mm)	100	E	⊿	BLD	Building	Open Space
ABC	DSMHID			22	BOX	Box Culvert	Storm Water
123	Invert Level (m)	1.000			BPT	Barrier Point	Open Space
123	IO Distance (m)			22	BRC	Barrier Continuo	Open Space
123	Length (m)				BYC	Bicycle Fitting	Open Space
ABC	Line Number			28	CL	Close	Line Control Co
	Material	PVC-U		52	CON	Connection	Cadastre
123	Offset (m)			_			Add Cod
	Sodimont Tran		•				Add Cod

This dialog allows you to remove a feature codes, select a different feature code, add a feature code, and/or change attribute values.





- ₽ X

Process Time

Process Feature Codes

Select point source(s) to process

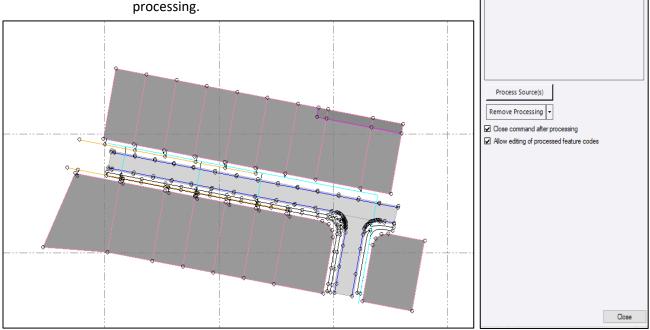
🔰 🔽 Demo.xml

🔳 🕺 🛃 🖨 🗹 🗆

Name

Processing Feature Codes

- The next step is to process the feature codes.
 Navigate to the GIS > Feature Definition > Process
 Feature Codes.
- Select the point source (demo.xml for this example) you want to process for and then click Process
 Source(s). By processing feature codes TBC uses the coding and attribute information to string together points with line codes, colour the linestrings, layer features, give points symbols and process attribute information. The image below shows the points after processing.







Comparing the properties of point 59 before processing to the properties of point 59 after processing.

Properties Be	fore Processing	→ ∓ X		After Processing	
	-	→ + ×			↓ ₽ 3
Point			V _ IN C		
♦ 59			♦ 59		
Point (1)		~	Point (1)		
Point Information			Point Information		
Point ID:	59		Point ID:	59	
Selection sets:			Selection sets:		
Feature code:	SCMH		Feature code:	<u>SCMH</u>	
Description 1:			Description 1:		
Description 2:			Description 2:		
Layer:	Points		Layer:	Sewerage	
Include in surface:	Yes		Include in surface:	No	
Label Visibility			Label Visibility		
Show label:	By view filter		Show label:	By view filter	
Show feature code:	By view filter		Show feature code:	By view filter	
Show elevation:	By view filter		Show elevation:	By view filter	
- Feature			- Feature		
Feature:			Feature:	Sewer Circ MH	
– Grid Coordinates			Locked:	Yes	
Easting:	532088.828	?	Feature Attributes		
Northing:	6921547.626	?	Use:	Maintenance Shaft	
Elevation:	6.684	?	Diameter (mm):	225	
- Local Coordinates			Surface Level (m):		
Latitude:	\$27°49'49.26558"	?	Invert Level (m):		
Longitude:	E153°19'33,07094"	?	Floor Construction:	Prefabricated	
Height:	47,495	2000 C	Floor Material:	PE	
-		2	Wall Construction:	Prefabricated	
 Global Coordinates 			Wall Material:	PVC	
Latitude:	S27°49'49.26558"	?	Roof Material:	Concrete	
Longitude:	E153°19'33.07094"	?	Lining:	Unlined	
Height:	47.495		Lid Material:	Cast Iron	
			Drop Type:	Straight Through MH	
			Catchment PS:		

As displayed above. After Processing Feature codes, point 59 now has ADAC standard attributes in the properties tab as well as having a defined feature name and corrected layer.



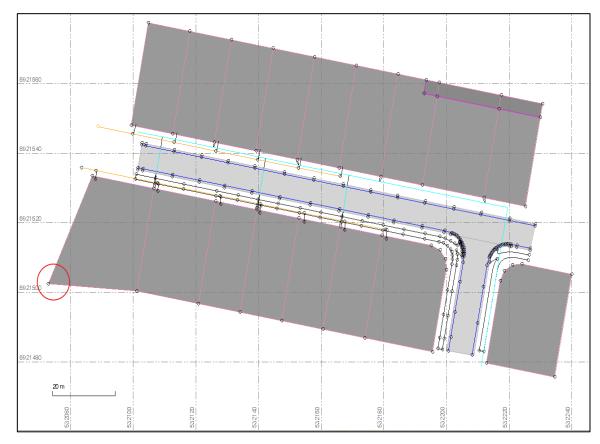


3. Editing using CAD and other commands

It is rare for there not to be any errors in data after processing. This workflow shows how to use CAD commands and other functions to correct and edit some errors users may come across.

Editing line and polygon geometry

In the example the lot in the far-left corner has an error. The bottom left corner of the lot is meant to be at an angle of 90 degrees. This can be corrected multiple different ways, for this example we will use two different methods one using CAD grips and smart snaps and the other method using the editing tool.

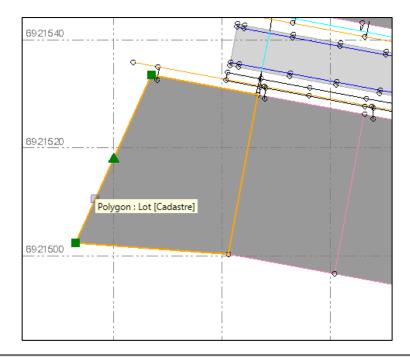






Using CAD Grips and Smart Snaps

1. Start by **clicking** on the lot selecting the polygon.



Note: you can right click and select edit to input the coordinate of the bottom left hand corner.

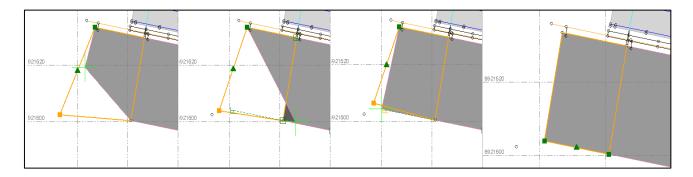
In the bottom right corner of the quick access toolbar click on Snap to open the Running Snap Mode Options. Ensure Perpendicular Point is checked and click OK. This ensures the bottom left corner will snap to a perpendicular when using the CAD grips.

Running Snap Mode Options	×
Object Snaps Ortho Snaps	
Point End point Midpoint Intersection point Perpendicular point Centre point	Snap Mode Description If the perpendicular point to the segment is inside the pick aperture, the coordinates of the point will be used. This running snap mode is active when visual snap indicators are displayed.
☐ Tangent point ☐ Circle quadrant point ☑ Surface/mesh vertex ☐ Near point ☐ Insertion point ☑ Free	Snap Mode Priority Increase Priority
	Decrease Priority
Display visual snap indicators	OK Cancel





3. Click and hold the **yellow square** in the bottom left corner. You can use the mouse to place the corner anywhere on the plan view. However, we want the point to be **perpendicular** to the other points. While holding, **place** the cursor near the **bottom right corner** of the lot. The perpendicular snap symbol should pop up (Circled below). Once the perpendicular snap symbol pops up, while holding the snap still place the cursor near the perpendicular symbol and release the mouse. The bottom left corner should snap to the perpendicular point.



 You can choose to move the lot corner point to the new corner of the polygon. However, it is not required as you will not be exporting the point with the ADAC xml.

To move the point, navigate to **CAD > Edit > Move**.

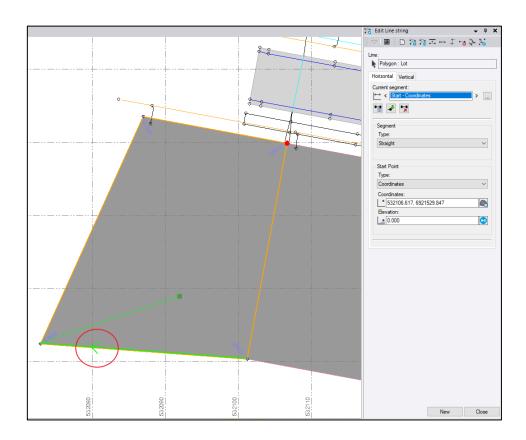
Using the Editing tool

- 6921540
- 1. Start by **clicking** on the lot selecting the polygon.

- 2. Left click in the plan view and select Edit.
- 3. In the **Edit Line string** click in the **Current segment box** and ensure it is highlighted.
- 4. In the **plan view** select the **line string** that has the arrow pointing to the point which you want to edit. Notice the **arrow circled** in red pointing towards the point we are going to edit.

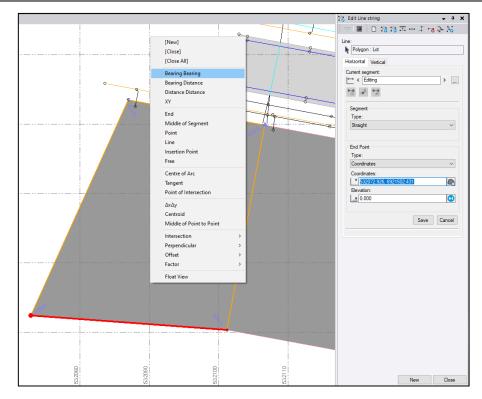






- 5. Now the line string is selected **highlight** the coordinates box.
- 6. In the **plan view** right click and select the **Bearing Bearing** command.

Note: The Bearing Bearing command calculates the coordinates of the intersection point of two bearings.







• 4 X

Bearing Bearing
 Image: Image Section 2014

Reference point 1:

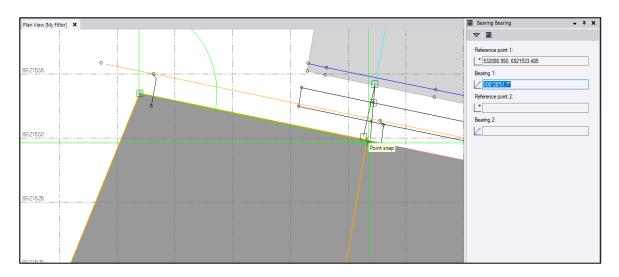
2 100°28'51.7"+90 Reference point 2:

Bearing 1:

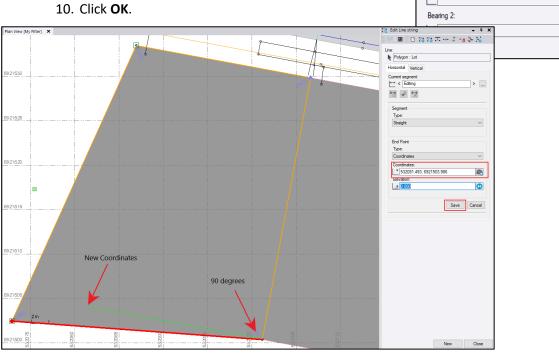
•

\$32086.950, 6921533.485

 Select the North West corner as the reference point 1. Select the North East corner to calculate bearing 1. This calculates the bearing from the North West corner to the North East corner to be 100d 28' 51.7". See below.



- Click in the bearing 1 box and after the bearing type
 +90 and press tab. This Adds 90 degrees to the bearing.
- 9. Select the South East corner as Reference point 2.
 Select the North East corner to calculate Bearing 2.
 Minus 90 degrees from Bearing 2.



^{11.} The new coordinates have now been calculated. Input an elevation if required then **click save**.

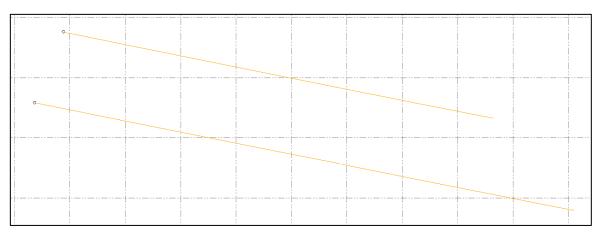




Editing Attribute Data

In post processing TBC allows the user to edit attribute data. Errors in attributes can be adjusted and unknown attributes in the field can be input in the office. An example of how this may be carried out is demonstrated below.

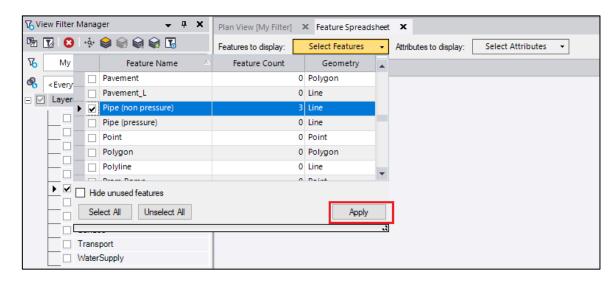
The image below shows two sewer circle manhole points and three pipe (non-pressure) strings. Let us bring up a feature spreadsheet to have a look at the attributes associated with these features.



 To open a feature spreadsheet, navigate to GIS > Feature Definition > Process Feature Codes drop down > Feature. A blank feature spreadsheet should display.

The **Select Feature** drop down shows a list of all the feature names and the number of each specific features in your project. The image below shows the Pipe (non-pressure) with a feature count of three.

2. To display attribute information associated with the pipe tick the **check box** on the left-hand side and then click **Apply**.



Note: you can check multiple boxes to display attribute information for multiple features at once.



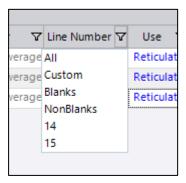


A list with the attribute information should then display.

idn v	/iew [My Filter] 🏼 🎗	Feature Spreadure Spre Spreadure Spreadure Spre Spreadure Spreadure Sprea	eadsheet X													
eatur	res to display: Pi	ipe (non press	ure) 🔻 Attribu	ites to display:	Mult	iple 🝷										
	Features															
	Line Name 5	🗸 Locked 🏹	Layer 🖓	Line Numb 🛆 🔽	Use 🖓	7 Diameter (mm) ▽	Material 🖓	Class 🖓	Lining 🖓	Protection V	Joint Type 🖓	Alignment (m) 🗸	Average Depth (m) マ	Embedment V	Rock excavated? マ	Pipe Grade
3-	Pipe (non pressu	. 🗆	Sewerage	14	Reticulat.	. 150	PVC-U	SN8	Unlined	Uncoated	RR			Type 3	No	8.
-	Pipe (non pressu		Sewerage	15	Reticulat.	. 150	PVC-U	SN8	Unlined	Uncoated	RR			Type 3	No	8.
	Pipe (non pressu.		Sewerage	15	Reticulat.	. 0	PVC-U	SN8	FBE	Uncoated	RR			Type 3	No	5.

Filters can be used to display features with specific attribute values. By **clicking** the icon a range of **filter options** are displayed, including:

- All displays all attributes of the selected feature (default).
- **Custom** allows the creation of custom filters using functions such as equals to, less than, starts with etc.
- **Blanks** displays all features that have no attribute value for a specific attribute.
- **NonBlanks** displays all features that have an attribute value for a specific attribute.



Once a satisfactory filter has been selected, attribute editing can begin. For this example, the "all" filter is acceptable.

Looking at the feature spreadsheet of the example above there are some errors that need to be corrected. The diameter and lining of the pipe at the bottom of the list should match the attributes of the pipe above it as they have the same line number but are split into two different strings because a manhole separates them.

Plan	View [My Filter] 🛛 🗙	Feature Spr	eadsheet X													
eatures to display: Pipe (non pressure) Attributes to display: Multiple																
	Features															
	Line Name 🛛 🖓	Locked V	Layer 🗸	Line Numb 🗠 🔽	Use 🔽	7 Diameter (mm) 🏹	Material 🗸	Class 🗸	Lining 🖓	Protection V	Joint Type 🗸	Alignment (m) 🔽	イ Average Depth (m) マ	Embedment 🗸	Rock excavated? 🔽	Pipe Grade 🔽
÷.	Pipe (non pressu		Sewerage	14	Reticulat.	150	PVC-U	SN8	Unlined	Uncoated	RR			Type 3	No	8.239
÷	Pipe (non pressu		Sewerage	15	Reticulat.	. 150	PVC-U	SN8	Unlined	Uncoated	RR			Type 3	No	8.163
÷.	Pipe (non pressu		Sewerage	15	Reticulat.	. 0	PVC-U	SN8	FBE	Uncoated	RR			Type 3	No	5.981

These attributes can be edited **two** different ways.

- 1. Using the Feature Spreadsheet
- 2. In the Properties window

The feature spreadsheet will be used for this example.

Simply, **click** on the attribute value you wish to edit and either choose from the list or input the value using your keyboard and **press enter**.

Features						
Diameter (mm) 🏹	Material 🗸	Class 🗸	Lining 🗸	Protection ♥		
150	PVC-U	SN8	Unlined	Uncoated		
150	PVC-U	SN8	Unlined	Uncoated		
150	PVC-U	SN8	Unlined	FBE		

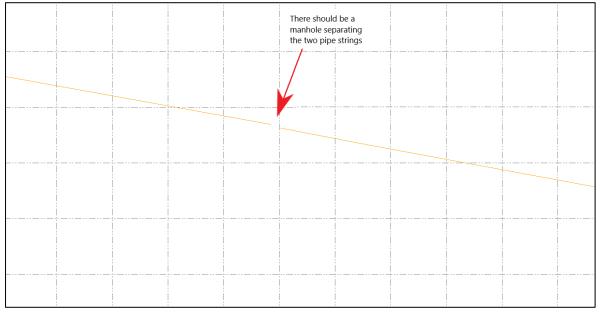
Features						
Protection *	ning 🗸		Class 🗸	Material 🗸	Diameter (mm) 🏹	7
Uncoate	Unlined		SN8	PVC-U	150	
Uncoate	Unlined		SN8	PVC-U	150	
FBE ~	Unlined		SN8	PVC-U	0	
Tape Wra						
Concrete						
Sheathed						
Epoxy Pai						
Uncoated						
Unknown						
Other						
P_1 *						





Creating a missing point feature

In the field features can be missed during a pickup survey. TBC allows the user to easily create features manually during post processing. This workflow shows how to create points in TBC.



In the example, there is a manhole missing in between two of the pipe strings as seen below.

Create Point ↓ 4. × General ● Point ID: 53 Severage ✓ Feature code: SCMH Scoordinate type: ● Grid ✓ Coordinate type: ● Grid ✓ Severage ✓ Feature code: SCMH Coordinate type: ● Grid ✓ Patters: ● Patters: ● Patters: ● Image: ●			
General Point ID: 59 Layer: Severage Feature code: SCMH Coordinates Coordinate type: Grid Condinate type: Grid Coordinate type: Grid Image: Image: Image: Image: Paintude: Paintude: Paintude: Catchment PS Image: Condinage (m) Exampt: Proor Construction Prefabricated Pioor Construction Prefabricated Invert Level (m) S.778 Lid Material Exampt	🔆 Create Point		- ₽ ×
Point ID: 59 Layer: Sewerage Sewerage Feature code: SCMH Coordinates Coordinate type: Grid Condinate type: Grid Coordinate type: Grid Coordinate type: Grid Coordinate type: Grid Image:	▽ 🖬 🗘		
59 Layer: Sewerage Sewerage Feature code: SCMH Coordinates Coordinate type: Grid Condinate type: Grid Coordinates A Coordinate type: Grid Coordinate type: Grid Coordinate type: Grid Image: <	General		4
Layer: Severage Feature code: SCMH Coordinates Coordinate type: Gidd Easting: *? Nothing: ?? Nothing: ?? Bevation: ?? Height: ?? Bevation: *? Nothing: ?? P Bevation: *? Nothing: ?? Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? P Bordine: ? Bevation: *? P Bevation: *? *? *? *? *? *? *? *? *? *?	Point ID:		
Severage Feature code: SCMH Coordinate type: Grid Lasting: -*? Nothing: ? *? Bevation: ? ?? ? Bevation: ? ?? ? Bevation: ? Image: ? Local: ? Longitude: ? Height: ? Image: ? Height: ? Image: ? Local: ? Latude: ? Height: ? Image: ? Height: ? Image: ? Height: ? Image: ? Dameter (mm) = Image: ? Image: ? Image: ? Image: ? Image: ? Image:	59		
Feature code: SCMH Coordinates Coordinate type: Gid Easting:	Layer:		
SCMH Coordinates A Coordinate type: Grid Easting: *? ? Northing: ? *? ? Bevation: ? *? ? Height: ? ? ? Height: ? Condition: ? Longitude: ? Height: ? Catchment PS = Chainage (m) = Diameter (mm) = Diameter from) = Pioor Construction = Prefabricated ~ Ivent Level (m) = 1.vent Level (m) = Vent Level (m) = Sindight Through M	Sewerage		~
Coordinates A Coordinate type: Gidd Gidd Easting: +*? Nothing: !*? ? Nothing: ? !*? ? Paipht: ? !*? ? Height: ? !*? ? Status: ? Enabled Local: ? Lattude: ? Catchment PS = Chainage (m) = Diameter (mm) = Diameter from) = Paior Material = Picor Construction = Neterial = Invert Level (m) = 1uid Material =			
Coordinate type: Grid ✓ Easting: ✓ **? ● Nothing: ● **? ● Bevation: ● *? ● Status: ● Enabled ✓ Local: > Latitude: ? Height: ? Catchment PS = Chainage (m) = Diameter (mm) = Diameter (mm) = Dioor Construction = Preor Material = Invert Level (m) = 9.778 Lid Material = Concrete ✓	SCMH		
Grid ✓ Easting: ? ? ? Nothing: ? *? ? Bevation: ? ? ? Bevation: ? ? ? Bevation: ? ? ? Bevation: ? Paipt: ? ? ? Status: ? Enabled ✓ Longitude: ? ? Height: ? ? Global: Lattude: ? Lattude: ? ? Lattude: ? ? Height: ? ? Obabi: Lattude: ? Lattude: ? ? Ibegit: ? ? Diameter (mm) = Droor Construction = Preor Material = Prove Material = Invert Level (m) = 1 Lud Material =	Coordinates		*
Gid ✓ Easting: ? ? ? Nothing: ? *? ? Bevation: ? ? ? Bevation: ? ? ? Bevation: ? ? ? Bevation: ? Paipt: ? ? ? Status: ? Enabled ✓ Longitude: ? ? Height: ? ? Global: Latitude: ? Latitude: ? ? Height: ? ? Diameter (mm) = Dameter (mm) = Dioor Construction = Prefabricated ✓ Picor Material = Picoretei (m) = Ivet Level (m) = Quid Material =	Coordinate type:		
Image: Section (Section (S			~
Northing: Image: Construction Image: Construction Image: Construction Image: Constru	Easting:		
Image: Second	→ ■?		
Image: Provide the system	Northing:		
Image: Construction Image: Construction Image: Construction Image: Construction <td>?</td> <td></td> <td></td>	?		
Height:	Elevation:	•	-
Image: Status: Image: Status: Enabled Image: Status: Image: Status: Image: Status: Image: Status: Status: Image: Status: Stat	2		2 ?
Satus: Enabled Local: Lattude: ? Height: ? Global: Lattude: ? Height: ? Attributes Catchment PS = Chainage (m) = 225 Drop Type = Straight Through M Door Construction = Prefabricated Floor Material = PE Invert Level (m) = 9.778 Lid Material = Concrete V	Height:		
Enabled ✓ Local: ✓ Latitude: ? Longitude: ? Height: ? Jongitude: ? Height: ? Latitude: ? Height: ? Catchment PS = Chainage (m) = Diameter (mm) = Door Construction = Floor Construction = Invert Level (m) = 9.778 Lid Material = Concrete	?		2 ?
Local: Latude: ? Longtude: ? Height: ? Global: Latude: ? Latude: ? Inegtude: ? Height: ? Attributes Catchment PS Chainage (m) E Diameter (mm) 225 Or Drop Type Straight Through M Picor Construction Prefabricated Invert Level (m) 9,778 Lid Material = Concrete	Status:		
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Longitude: ? Height: ? Global: Latitude: ? Height: ? Height: ? Attributes Catchment PS = Chanage (m) = 225 Diameter (mm) = 225 Drop Type = Biranght Through M Floor Construction = Prefabricated Floor Material = PE Invert Level (m) = 9,778 Lid Material = Concrete V			
Global: Latitude: ? Height: ? Attributes * Catchment PS = Chanage (m) = Diameter (mm) = 225 Diameter (mm) = 225 Drop Type = Branght Through M Floor Construction = Prefabricated Floor Material = PE Invert Level (m) = 9,778 Lid Material = Concrete V	Longitude: ?		
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Catchment PS = Chainage (m) = Diameter (mm) = 225 \$ Drop Type = Straight Through M > Ploor Construction = Prefabricated Ploor Material = PE Invert Level (m) = 9.778 Lid Material = Concrete >	-		
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Diameter (mm) = 225 Drop Type = Straight Through M Floor Construction = Prefabricated Roor Material = PE Invert Level (m) = 9.778 Lid Material = Concrete			
Drop Type = Straight Through M Floor Construction = Prefabricated Floor Material = PE Invert Level (m) = 9.778 Lid Material = Concrete			
Floor Construction = Prefabricated Floor Material = PE Invert Level (m) = 9.778 Lid Material = Concrete			-
Roor Material = PE ~ Invert Level (m) = 9.778 ‡ Lid Material = Concrete ~			h M V
Invert Level (m) = 9.778 Lid Material = Concrete v			~
Lid Material = Concrete V			~
			T
Add Close	Lio Matenal		~
		Add	Close

To create a point in between the two pipes.

1. Start by navigating to **CAD > Points > Create Point.**

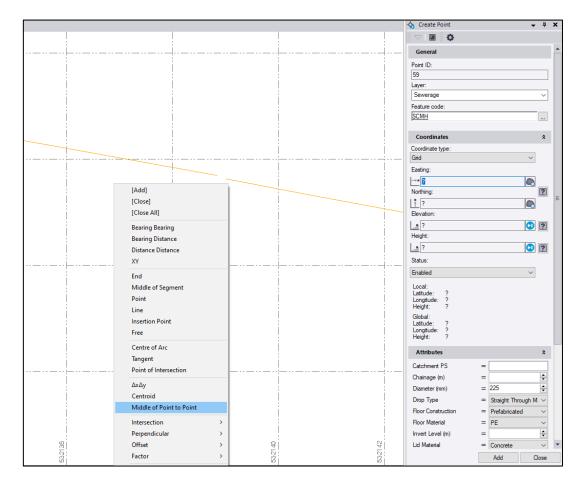
2. The create point menu should then display. **Fill in** the data fields i.e. Point ID, Layer, Feature Code and attributes. For this example, the feature code of SCMH (Sewer Circ Manhole) is used.

Note: If you are creating strings in TBC make sure you give the code a string number for example giving string points a code of SNP1 all the points with this code will be strung together when processing feature codes.

3. The next step is to give the point some coordinates. **Click** in the **Easting box**.

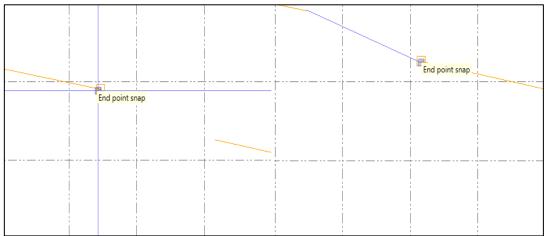






4. With the cursor in the plan view **Right Click.** In the drop-down list **select Middle of Point to Point**.

5. Select the end points of both strings (which end point you select first does not matter).







Note: By using the middle of the point to point function the manhole point is placed at the invert level between the two pipes. See the image to the right, by using the Middle of Point to Point function the Easting, Northing and Elevation were calculated.

6. Once the point has the correct coordinates and attribute data, click **Add**.

The point that was just created should appear in the plan view.

Note: if the point did not appear in the plan view ensure the correct layer is turned on.

 The final step is to process the feature codes again (described in detail on p.g. 9). Ensure the Keyed in Block check box is ticked before processing the codes.

Note: Every time a new point is created in TBC and that point is required to be exported in the ADAC XML, ensure the Keyed in block feature codes are processed. This guarantees points are strung together correctly, the feature data is correctly displayed in the software and the data associated with that point will be correctly exported in the ADAC XML.

🔆 Create Point			•	ф.	×
\bigtriangledown					
General					
Point ID:					
59					
Layer:					
Sewerage				\sim	
Feature code:					
SCMH					
6 K 1					
Coordinates				*	
Coordinate type: Grid			\sim		
Easting:					
532138.932					
Northing:				?	
6921525.658				_	E
Elevation:					
9.790				?	
Height:					
?			2	?	
Status:					
Enabled			\sim		
Local:					
Latitude: S27°49'49.97 Longitude: E153°19'34.9					
Height: 50.600 m					
Global: Latitude: S27°49'49.97	7517				
Longitude: E153°19'34.9					
Height: 50.600 m					
Attributes				*	
Catchment PS	=				
Chainage (m)	=			-	
Diameter (mm)	=	225		-	
Drop Type	=	Straight Thr	ough M	\sim	
Floor Construction	=	Prefabricate	d	\sim	
Floor Material	=	PE		\sim	
Invert Level (m)	=	9.778		÷	
Lid Material	=	Concrete		\sim	•
		Add	0	lose	





Using the TBC background map

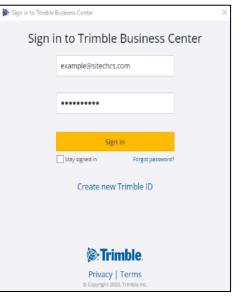
TBC allows users to toggle on and off a background map within the plan view (as seen below). The background map is a good tool to use to check if the project is in the right general location. To use the background map feature, TBC requires the user to log in with their Trimble ID.



The following workflow will show users how to log into TBC with their Trimble ID and access the background map.

- Access the Start Page. Navigate to Support > Start-Up > Start Page.
- 2. In the **Start Page** click **Log In** located in the top right corner.
- Fill in your credentials if you have a Trimble ID or create a new Trimble ID for free in the same window. Click Sign In.
- In the Plan View toggle, the background map by clicking the button on the bottom quick access toolbar.









You can change the background map from a street view to satellite image. To do so navigate to the project settings.

- 1. Click we button in the quick access toolbar. The Project Settings will then display.
- 2. Navigate to View > Plan View. Under the background map tab, you can change **the type** from '*Street*' view to '*Satellite*' view.

Project Settings			×
盲 General Information 🔺	- Plan View		
Coordinate System Units View	Contour mesh density: Plot scale:	Coarse mesh 600	
3D Drive View	Background Map		
···· Alignment Editor ···· Chainage Navigation	Visible:	Yes	
Chainage/Offset Gri Corridor Mass Haul	Type:	Trimble Mapview	
Corridor Template Vi Cross Section View			
···· Display Options ···· Feature Spreadsheet			
···· IRI Diagram ···· Occupation Spreads			
Optical Spreadsheet			
Photo Point Spreads Plan View			
Points Spreadsheet			
		OK Cance	:I

Trimble Maps - Satellite Trimble Map - Street







4.ANZ Toolbox customization and additional commands

ANZ Toolbox has been created by our SITECH team and features commands that are required to setup an ADAC project and assist with ADAC data preparation.

The following workflows display how some of the tools in the ANZ Toolbox can be used to create ADAC files and require the ANZ Toolbox Module.

Set Sewerage Connection Attribute Command

The Set Sewerage Connection Attributes command automatically calculates distances required to be measured between a house connection, sewerage pipes and the cadastral boundaries. Choose the ADAC version depending on your required data output.

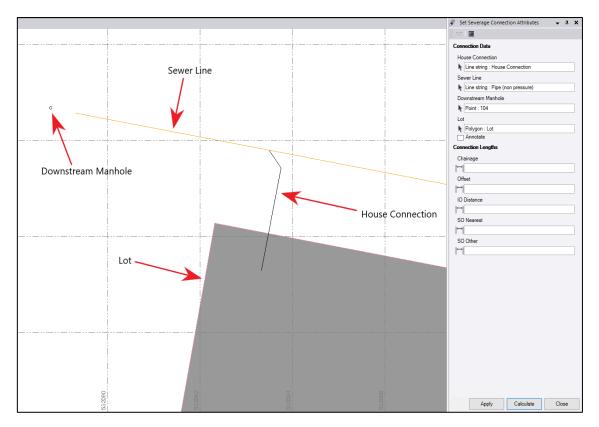
- To use the command, navigate to ANZ
 Toolbox > ADAC > Set Sewerage Connection
 Attributes. The Set Sewerage Connection
 window should then display.
- 2. Select the House Connection geometry representing the property sewerage connection in Plan view or 3d view.
- 3. **Select** the **Sewer line** the house connection runs into.
- 4. **Select** the **Down Stream Manhole** along the sewer line from the house connection.
- 5. Select the Lot/Cadastral Boundary.

An example is shown on the next page.

Set Sewerage Connection Attributes X
Connection Data
House Connection
*
Sewer Line
k
Downstream Manhole
k
Lot
K
Annotate
Connection Lengths
Chainage
⊢
Offset
IO Distance
⁺
SO Nearest
SO Other
⊷
Apply Calculate Close







- 6. **Check** the annotate box to display line strings with the associated connection lengths in plan view.
- 7. **Click Calculate.** The results of the connection lengths will then display. The values of the connection lengths include:

Results:

Chainage - Distance from the point of connection of the sewer line along the direction of the sewer pipe to the downstream manhole.

Offset - Perpendicular distance from the property connection to the sewer pipe.

IO-Distance – Distance from the property connection along the direction of the sewer pipe to the downstream manhole.

SO Nearest - House Connection perpendicular distance to the nearest cadastral boundary.

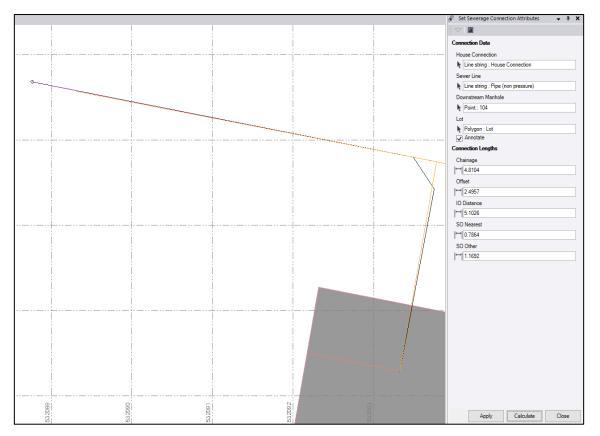
SO Other - House Connection perpendicular distance to the next nearest cadastral boundary.

Note: You can right-click on any measurement node and change the displayed measurement value or remeasure in Plan View or 3D View.





The results of the calculations are shown below.



- 8. If satisfied with the results, **click Apply** to save the displayed house connection to the lines attributes.
- 9. Then, click Close to finish.





ADAC Settings

Use the ADAC Settings panel to enter appropriate header attributes for your project. The ADAC Settings panel is brought up with any header data already entered for the current project. The ADAC settings information is only entered once for a project. This requires only a small amount of information, consisting of ADAC project name, the asset owner and construction date, the coordinate system used and other optional attributes such as the surveyor and the engineer name.

To open the ADAC Settings navigate to **ANZ Toolbox** > **ADAC** > **ADAC Settings V6.0, V5.01** or **V4.2.** The command window will display.

- Fill in the information that is required to be included in the ADAC XML. Click the Auto-Fill Settings button to start the process and then enter all remaining values for each section.
- 2. **Click** the **Auto-Fill ObjectID** to automatically give all the attributes a unique ID value and update the objects with extra feature attributes.

Note: Every asset in ADAC has a unique identifier. The auto added attributes will not display values in TBC but will be populated when you export the XML file and visible in the html report.

- 3. Next if required, choose an **As-Built Surface** from your project, and **click Update Elevations** to update elevation values automatically for surface elevation and depth on the below line objects.
 - a. House Connection
 - b. Pipe (non pressure)
 - c. Pipe (pressure)
 - d. Storm Water Pipe
- 4. Once satisfied with the information **click OK**. The settings will then save and the attributes will be updated on the data when you export the ADAC XML.

ADAC Settings V5.01			×
General Information	~		
···· Surveyor Details		Adac Receiver	Council
Engineer Details		Asset Owner	GCCC
···· Coordinate System		Construction Date	1/12/2023
···· Drawing Extents		Description	x
Global Features		Drawing Number	X
		Drawing Revision	1/11/2023
		Project Name	Demo
		Project Submission Status	AsConstructed
		WorksApprovalld	PN001
	\sim	Software	
		Product	Trimble Business Center
		Version	2023.10.8703.17800
		oject Name oject Name	
2 1			
Auto-Fill Object ID Auto-Fill S	ettings		OK Cancel
Update Elevations As-Built	Surfac	ce: Demo	~ 4
3			





6.Validate and Export an ADAC XML from TBC

After the project has been edited, the settings created, and the user is satisfied with the standard of the data the next step is to Validate the data against the Schema using the **Validate ADAC** command. **ANZ Toolbox > ADAC > Validate ADAC**

Validate ADAC	×
ADAC version:	
V4_2	Ŷ
 Entities 	
Entity selection:	
Selected: 0	Options
Tip! Double click on a validation error to	select the related entity in the Ui.
⊖ File	
ADAC file:	
ADACId	Message
	Apply Close

Choose the version being used for this data set and select all the data on screen to be checked. Any errors that need attention will be shown in the message box and can then be resolved individually. *Double click on an error line to highlight the object on screen that it is related too.*

Note: There may be some data that has had attribute fields left empty on purpose such as pavement layers and these will get flagged. If they are correct and are allowed to be set to nil in the schema you can highlight the lines and right click to display *"set parent to nil"* and this will set them correctly, so they are no longer considered to be an error.

Any codes used that were in the "**Supplementary**" category will have the "Class" attribute automatically filled out after using the ADAC Setting command, but none of the other attributes will be checked as they are not part of the official schema.

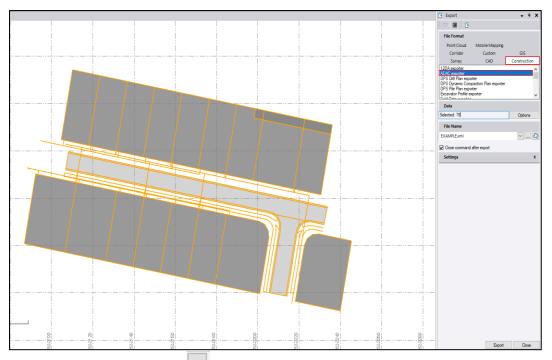
Once the data has been validated, export the data as an ADAC XML format which is compatible with GIS software and other packages.

To export data:

- Start by selecting the points, lines and polygons to be included in the XML. Select the features in the plan view, project explorer or 3D view. Everything selected will be highlighted.
- 2. Then navigate to **Home > Data Exchange > Export** or **click** the **G icon** in the quick access toolbar. Opening the export window.







3. In the export window click the **Construction Tab** then select the appropriate version **ADAC exporter** from the list.

- 4. Next, **click** the **icon**. Choose a file location to save the exported xml and give it a name.
- 5. Then click Export.

Note: During the Export process the *"Surface level"* attribute will be automatically updated from the point elevation for the following features.

- Sewerage Maintenance Holes (3x codes Rec, Circ & Custom)
- Stormwater Pits (3x codes Rec, Circ & Ext)
- Water Supply Maintenance Hole (2x codes Rec & Circ)

An exported file can be checked via the **Validate ADAC** command without needing to import it into TBC.

New Validate ADAC	→ ∓ X
ADAC version:	
V4_2	Ŷ
⊖ Entities	
Entity selection:	
Selected: 0	Options
Tip! Double click on a validation error to select the related entity in the Ui.	
● File ¥	
ADAC file:	





7.Importing ADAC XML into TBC

TBC also allows the user to import ADAC XML files. This allows the user update XML files that have errors or bring in external data.

- 1. First step to importing an XML file is to **import the associated FXL, see page 6**.
- 2. Once the FXL file has been imported into TBC the next step is to **import the XML file**. Follow the **same steps** used to import the FXL to import the XML.

Looking at an example, a comparison of the properties of a sewer pipe (non-pressure) can be made before the pipe was exported out of TBC as an xml and after the pipe has been imported as an xml.

Line string Pipe (non pressure)			Line string Pipe (non pressure)		
ne string (1)		~	Line string (1)		
Feature			- Feature		
Feature:	Pipe (non pressure)		Feature:	Pipe (non pressure)	
Locked:	No		Locked:	No	
Feature Attributes			Feature Attributes		
Line Number:	15	- 1	Line Number:	15	
Use:	Reticulation		Use:	Reticulation	
Diameter (mm):	150		Diameter (mm):	150	
Material:	PVC-U		Material:	PVC-U	
Class:	SN8	E	Class:	SN8	
Lining:	Unlined	=	Lining:	Unlined	
Protection:	Uncoated		Protection:	Uncoated	
loint Type:	RR		Joint Type:	RR	
Alignment (m):			Alignment (m):		
Average Depth (m):			Average Depth (m):		
Embedment:	Type 3		Embedment:	Type 3	
Rock excavated?:	No		Rock excavated?:	No	
Pipe Grade:	8.163		Pipe Grade:	8.163	
Length (m):			Length (m):	55.828	
US Invert Level (m):			US Invert Level (m):	9.778	Ш
DS Invert Level (m):			DS Invert Level (m):	5.236	
US Surface Level (m):			US Surface Level (m):	10.935	Т
DS Surface Level (m):			DS Surface Level (m):	6.456	
Appearance			ADACId:	18	П
line studes		- 11	Infrastructure Code:		
Line style: Line style scale:	3.00000000		Owner:	Council	
Weight:			Drawing Number:	x	
vveignt: Colour:	By Layer		Drawing Revision:		
colour:	Orange		Construction Date:	31/07/2018	

Comparing the two there is a noticeable difference in the attributes. Notice the ADAC Settings have been imported with the XML and are referenced in the attributes of the imported pipe data. Also notice the lot has been assigned a unique ADACId.

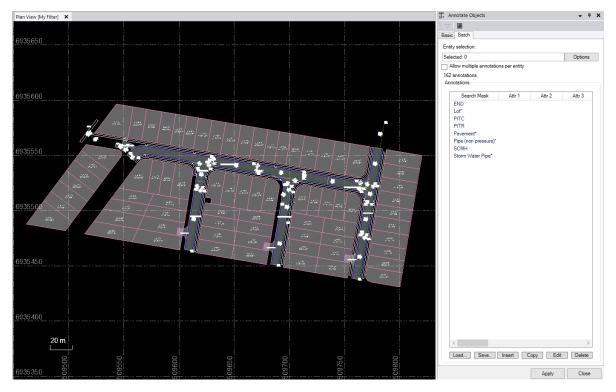




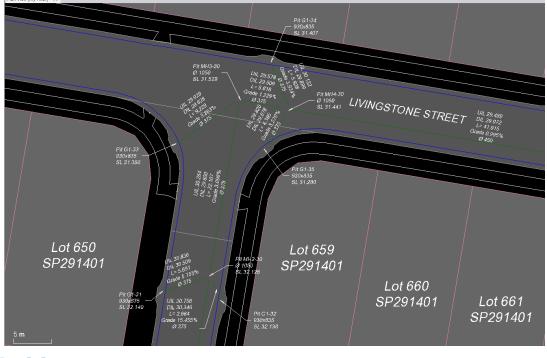
8. Annotating drawings with Attribute values

It is possible to annotate your drawing with the required attribute values from your data using the "Annotate Objects" command in the ANZ Toolbox ribbon. (Example file available from anztoolbox@sitechcs.com)

By creating a rule set you can quickly apply these to your whole data set and then go and manually edit the placement of text to suit your drawing layout.



Once the text has been moved around to suit it is ready to plot.







9.Code names and Features List

Standard ADAC Schema

The standard ADAC Schema FXL's provided are found in *"C:\Program Files\Sitech Construction Systems\ANZToolbox_***"*

- ADAC_TBC_V4.2.FXL
- ADAC_TBC_V501.FXL
- ADAC_TBC_V600.FXL

Adding Supplementary features

The supplementary category is for any additions to the ADAC schema, which allows users of ADAC to define any custom attribute not included in the published schema. This feature is designed to cover areas of interest and enable users to gather more data. Similarly, the implementation in TBC follows the same concept, meaning, as the user, you can add your own custom features.

This means there's no limit on the number of Text, Integer, Date, etc., attributes you can add for each new attribute you create in the supplementary category. These can be point, polyline, or polygon features. The key is to ensure they are created under the "*Supplementary*" category. An easy way to do this is by duplicating an existing feature, then customizing it with any additional attributes that fit your specific needs.

It's also worth noting that the "Class" attribute for a supplementary feature is inherently tied to the feature's name. This means if you have a separate 'class' attribute in your attributes list, it will be replaced during processing.

An updated FXL with *Supplementary* codes from Gold Coast City Council and Port of Brisbane, plus line styles and symbols is available. See Appendix below for list.

- TBC_ADAC_V501_SUPP.FXL
- TBC_ADAC_V600_SUPP.FXL

Standard Line Control Codes used in ADAC FXL's

Name	Code
🖕 Close	CL
🖕 Horizontal Offset	Н
🖕 Start Arc	STA
🖕 Start Line	ST
🖕 Start Smooth Curve	STC
🖕 Start Tangental Arc	STTA
🖕 Stop Arc	SPA
🖕 Stop Line	SP
Stop Smooth Curve	SPC
🖕 Stop Tangental Arc	SPTA
🖕 Vertical Offset	V





Туре

Point

Point

Point

Point

Point

Line

Line

Line

Appendix

Below is a list of the *Standard* ADAC Codes and Features and the extra *Supplementary* codes and features from Gold Coast City Council and Port of Brisbane that are available in the *TBC_ADAC_V501_SUPP.FXL* file.

FXL Code

SCMH

SCTMH

SFT

SV

SHC

SNP

SPP

SRMH

ADAC Trimble Codelist Codelist for FXL- ADAC_TBC_V501_SUPP.fd



ANZ Toolbox

Name

Sewerage

Sewer Circ MH

Sewer Fitting

Sewer Valve

Sewer Rec MH

Pipe (pressure)

Sewer Custom MH

House Connection

Pipe (non pressure)

Cadastre

FXL Code	Name	Туре
SVY	Survey Mark	Point
CHL	ChainageLine	Line
CON	Connection	Line
EAS	Easement	Polygons
LOT	Lot	Polygons
RR	Road Reserve	Polygons
WR	Water Reserve	Polygons

Enhancements

FXL Code	Name	Туре
ANN	Annotation	Point
DMN	Dimension	Line

FXL Code	Name	Туре
ACP	Activity Point	Point
ART	Art work	Point
BBQ	Barbeque	Point
BIN	Waste Collection Point	Point
BPT	Barrier Point	Point
BYC	Bicycle Fitting	Point
ELF	Electrical Fitting	Point
FIX	Fixture	Point
SEAT	Seat	Point
SGN	Sign	Point
SHLT	Shelter	Point
TBL	Table	Point
TRE	Tree	Point
BRC	Barrier Continuous	Line
ECT	Electrical Conduit	Line
EDG	Edging	Line
RTW	Retaining Wall	Line
ACA	Activity Area	Polygons
BFA	Boating Facility	Polygons
BLD	Building	Polygons
LSC	Landscape Area	Polygons
OSA	Open Space Area	Polygons
SHLTP	Shelter Polygon	Polygons

Open Space

Storm Water

FXL Code	Name	Туре
END	EndStructure	Point
GPTCM	GPT Complex Commercial	Point
GPTCS	GPT Complex Custom	Point
GPTNS	Non GPT Simple	Point
GPTS	GPT Simple	Point
PITC	Stormwater Pit_circ	Point
PITE	Stormwater Pit_ext	Point
PITR	Stormwater Pit_rec	Point
SWFT	Stormwater Fitting	Point
BOX	Box Culvert	Line
ENDP	End Structure Polyline	Line
FMD	Flow Management Device	Line
SWD	Surface Drain	Line
SWP	Storm Water Pipe	Line
WSUD	WSUD Area	Polygons

Surface

FXL Code	Name	e Type
SH	Spot Height	Point
BRKL	Breakline	Line
CONT	Contour	Line
PRL	Profile Line	Line





Transport

FXL Code	Name	Туре
DFP	Drain Flush Point	Point
RMPT	Pram Ramp	Point
CYCW	Road Pathway	Line
PTH	Pathway	Line
PTHS	Path Structure	Line
PVL	Pavement_L	Line
RE	Road Edge	Line
RSB	Road Safety Barrier	Line
SSD	Subsoil Drain	Line
TL	Traffic Island_L	Line
BABT	Bridge Abutment	Polygons
BD	Bridge Deck	Polygons
BRE	Bridge Extent	Polygons
BRP	Bridge Pier	Polygons
BSS	BridgeSuperstructure	Polygons
PAV	Pavement	Polygons
PKG	Parking	Polygons
RMPTP	Pram Ramp Polygon	Polygons
П	Traffic Island	Polygons

Water Supply

FXL Code	Name	Туре
DTK	Domestic Water Tank	Point
HYD	Hydrant	Point
SVF	Service Fitting	Point
WCMH	Water Circ MH	Point
WFT	Water Fitting	Point
WM	Water Meter	Point
WRMH	Water Rec MH	Point
WV	Water Valve	Point
DWS	Domestic Water Service	Line
WPP	Water Pipe	Line





Supplementary

510 Co.do	Supplementary	
FXL Code		Туре
CBGRE	Crash Barrier and Guard Rail End	Point
CCGC	Communication Cabinet	Point
CP	Cabling Pit	Point
CPB	Camera	Point
DC	Data Cabling	Point
DLM	Directional Line Marking	Point
DLS	Detector Loop Sensor	Point
DS	Diving Structure	Point
ECF	Electrical/Communication Fitting	Point
FCPB	Field Cabinet	Point
GT	Grease Trap	Point
HDDB	Horz Directional Drill Borehole	Point
LTGC	Light	Point
LTPB	Transport Lighting	Point
MS	Monitoring Station	Point
PUMP	Pump	Point
RS	Road Sign	Point
RT	Reservoir Tank	Point
SM	Sewer Meter	Point
SPPB	Service Point	Point
SPT	Point	Point
TSCB	Traffic Signal Control Box	Point
TSL	Traffic Signal Lantern	Point
TSP	Traffic Signal Pole	Point
VSLS	Variable Speed Limit Sign	Point
WIMS	Weigh In Motion System	Point
BRS	Bridge Scuppers	Line
CBGR	Crash Barriers and Guard Rails	Line
ECC	Electrical/Communication Conduit	Line
ENDPB	End Structure Components	Line
FM	Fire Management	Line
п	Inlet Trench	Line
PLM	Pavement Line Marking	Line
PO	Pipework Other	Line
SCPB	Service Conduit	Line
SPL	Polyline	Line
WB	Whoa Boy	Line
AFH	Artifical Fauna Habitat	Polygons
AR	Articial Reef	Polygons
CHEV	Chevrons	Polygons
DB	Detention Basin	Polygons
GRN	Groyne	Polygons
ISC	Irregular Shaped Chambers	Polygons
LS	Land Stabilisation	Polygons
LSCPB	Landscaping	Polygons
NL	Navigation Lock	Polygons
PF	Platform	Polygons
PS	Prepared Surface	Polygons
SA	Solar Array	Polygons
un .	Sola Allay	POlygors

FXL Code	Name	Туре
SCP	Scour Protection	Polygons
SPG	Polygon	Polygons
SUMP	Sump	Polygons
SW	Seawall	Polygons
SWPL	Swimming Pool	Polygons
TSE	Tidal Swimming Enclosure	Polygons
VA	Vehicle Access	Polygons
VMS	Variable Message Sign	Polygons
WAB	Water Body	Polygons
WBR	Weighbridge	Polygons
ww	Wheel Wash	Polygons





Below is a list of the *Standard* ADAC Codes and Features and the extra *Supplementary* codes and features from Gold Coast City Council and Port of Brisbane that are available in the *TBC_ADAC_V600_SUPP.FXL* file.

ADAC Trimble Codelist

Codelist for FXL - ADAC_TBC_V600_SUPP.fxl



Open Space

	Cadastre	
FXL Code	Name	Туре
SVY	Survey Mark	Point
CHL	ChainageLine	Line
CON	Connection	Line
EAS	Easement	Polygons
LOT	Lot	Polygons
RR	Road Reserve	Polygons
WR	Water Reserve	Polygons

Communication

FXL Code	Name	Туре
CF CPC	Communication Fitting	Point
CPC	Communication Pit Circ	Point
CPR	Communication Pit Rec	Point
MS	Monitoring Station	Point
СС ССВ	Communication Conduit	Line
CCB	Commununication Cable	Line

Electrical

FXL Code	Name	Туре
EF	Fitting	Point
EPC	Electrical Pit Circ	Point
EPR	Electrical Pit Rec	Point
EVC	EV Charge Station	Point
LT	Light	Point
PL	Pole	Point
SB	Switchboard	Point
SU	Solar Unit	Point
TSL	Traffic Signal Light	Point
EC	Electrical Conduit	Line
ECB	Electrical Cable	Line

Enhancements

FXL Code	Name	Туре
ANN	Annotation	Point
DMN	Dimension	Line

	Open Space	
FXL Code	Name	Туре
ACP	Activity Point	Point
ART	Art work	Point
BBQ	Barbeque	Point
BIN	Waste Collection Point	Point
BPT	Barrier Point	Point
BYC	Bicycle Fitting	Point
FIX	Fixture	Point
FP	Fauna Point	Point
SEAT	Seat	Point
SGN	Sign	Point
SHLT	Shelter	Point
TBL	Table	Point
TRE	Tree	Point
BRC	Barrier Continuous	Line
EDG	Edging	Line
FPL	Fauna Polyline	Line
RTW	Retaining Wall	Line
ACA	Activity Area	Polygons
BFA	Boating Facility	Polygons
BLD	Building	Polygons
LS	Land Stabilisation	Polygons
LSC	Landscape Area	Polygons
OSA	Open Space Area	Polygons
PF	Platform	Polygons
PS	Prepared Surface	Polygons
SHLTP	Shelter Polygon	Polygons

Sewerage

FXL Code	Name	Туре
SCMH	Sewer MH Circ	Point
SCTMH	Sewer MH Custom	Point
SFT	Sewer Fitting	Point
SMS	Sewer MS	Point
SRMH	Sewer MH Rec	Point
SST	Septic Tanks	Point
SV	Sewer Valve	Point
SHC	House Connection	Line
SNP	Pipe (non pressure)	Line
SPP	Pipe (pressure)	Line





Storm Water

FXL Code	Name	Туре
END	End Structure	Point
GPTCM	GPT Complex Commercial	Point
GPTCS	GPT Complex Custom	Point
GPTNS	Non GPT Simple	Point
GPTS	GPT Simple	Point
PITC	Stormwater Pit_circ	Point
PITE	Stormwater Pit_ext	Point
PITR	Stormwater Pit_rec	Point
SWFT	Stormwater Fitting	Point
BOX	Box Culvert	Line
ENDP	End Structure Polyline	Line
FMD	Flow Management Device	Line
SWD	Surface Drain	Line
SWP	Storm Water Pipe	Line
WSUD	WSUD Area	Polygons

Water Supply

FXL Code	Name	Туре
DTK	Domestic Water Tank	Point
HYD	Hydrant	Point
SVF	Service Fitting	Point
WCMH	Water Circ MH	Point
WFT	Water Fitting	Point
WM	Water Meter	Point
WRMH	Water Rec MH	Point
wv	Water Valve	Point
DWS	Domestic Water Service	Line
WPP	Water Pipe	Line

Surface

FXL Code	Name	Туре
SH	Spot Height	Point
BRKL	Breakline	Line
CONT	Contour	Line
PRL	Profile Line	Line

Transport

FXL Code	Name	Туре
DFP	Drain Flush Point	Point
RMPT	Pram Ramp	Point
CYCW	Road Pathway	Line
PTH	Pathway	Line
PTHS	Path Structure	Line
PVL	Pavement_L	Line
RE	Road Edge	Line
RSB	Road Safety Barrier	Line
SSD	Subsoil Drain	Line
TIL	Traffic Island L	Line
BABT	Bridge Abutment	Polygons
BD	Bridge Deck	Polygons
BRE	Bridge Extent	Polygons
BRP	Bridge Pier	Polygons
BSS	Bridge Superstructure	Polygons
PAV	Pavement	Polygons
PKG	Parking	Polygons
RMPTP	Pram Ramp Polygon	Polygons
ті	Traffic Island	Polygons





Supplementary

FXL Code	Name	Tuno
CBGRE	Crash Barrier and Guard Rail En	Type
CCGC	Communication Cabinet	Point
CPB	Camera	Point
DLM	Directional Line Marking	Point
DLS	Detector Loop Sensor	Point
DS	Diving Structure	Point
FCPB	Field Cabinet	Point
GT	Grease Trap	Point
HDDB	Horz Directional Drill Borehole	Point
LTPB	Transport Lighting	Point
PUMP	Pump	Point
RS	Road Sign	Point
RT	Reservoir Tank	Point
SM	Sewer Meter	Point
SPPB	Service Point	Point
SPT	Point	Point
TSCB	Traffic Signal Control Box	Point
VSLS	Variable Speed Limit Sign	Point
WIMS	Weigh In Motion System	Point
BRS	Bridge Scuppers	Line
CBGR	Crash Barriers and Guard Rails	Line
ENDPB	End Structure Components	Line
FM	Fire Management	Line
IT	Inlet Trench	Line
PLM	Pavement Line Marking	Line
PO	Pipework Other	Line
SCPB	Service Conduit	Line
SPL	Polyline	Line
WB	Whoa Boy	Line
AFH	Artifical Fauna Habitat	Polygons
AR	Articial Reef	Polygons
CHEV	Chevrons	Polygons
DB	Detention Basin	Polygons
GRN	Groyne	Polygons
ISC	Irregular Shaped Chambers	Polygons
LSCPB	Landscaping	Polygons
NL	Navigation Lock	Polygons
SCP	Scour Protection	Polygons
SPG	Polygon	Polygons
010	Folgeon	Fotygons

FXL Code	Name	Туре
SUMP	Sump	Polygons
SW	Seawall	Polygons
SWPL	Swimming Pool	Polygons
TSE	Tidal Swimming Enclosure	Polygons
VA	Vehicle Access	Polygons
VMS	Variable Message Sign	Polygons
WAB	Water Body	Polygons
WBR	Weighbridge	Polygons
ww	Wheel Wash	Polygons

